**Visualizing History**

* **Creating a Framework for Historical Interpretation** (p. 164, *Engagement in Teaching History*, by Frederick D. Drake and Lynn R. Nelson)

**Process**: Have students take out a sheet of paper and answer the following basic questions about a photograph:

* + - List three adjectives that describe the individuals/objects/events in this photograph.
		- What does this photograph tell you about these people’s lives?
		- When do you think this photograph was taken?
		- Why do you think this photograph was taken?
		- What title would you give this photograph?
* **People, Space and Time** (pgs. 176-178, *Engagement in Teaching History*, by Frederick D. Drake and Lynn R. Nelson)

**Process**: Have your students take out a sheet of paper and examine an image (portrait). Have them answer the following questions:

* Was this person living east or west of the Appalachian Mountains? (history, geography)
* Speculate on three present-day cities where this person may have lived. (geography, history, economics)
* Was this portrait painted before or after the Civil War? (history – time)
* Speculate a century and a decade when the portrait was made. (history – time)
* Write down five adjectives to describe this person and/or this person’s way of living. (history, economics, geography)
* Speculate as to the motives of the creator of this portrait. (history)
* What title would you give this portrait?
* **Similarities/Differences** (pgs. 178-179, *Engagement in Teaching History*, by Frederick D. Drake and Lynn R. Nelson)

**Process**: This is a think-pair-share activity. Display two images that students can compare (two buildings, two portraits, two groups of people, two landscapes, etc.). Have the students take out a sheet of paper.

* + - *Think*: On a sheet of paper, have students identify three characteristics that similar and three characteristics that are different between the two images. Give them one minute to do each task.
		- *Pair*: Students exchange their findings with another student for one minute.
		- *Share*: Call on students at random to share their comparative findings.
		- Relate findings to the theme, era or period of history you are studying.

* **Quadrant/Hemisphere Analysis** (pgs.179-181, *Engagement in Teaching History*, by Frederick D. Drake and Lynn R. Nelson)

**Process**: The focus is on observation in this form of analysis.

* Display an image. Tell students they have 20 seconds to remember what they see in the photograph. Cover the photograph. Ask them to write down what they observed. On a chalk/white board or large piece of paper, write down their observations.
* Divide the image into four quadrants or two halves. Reveal a quadrant or half at a time. Students have 30 seconds to write down the objects, people, landscape, etc. in this section of the photograph/painting. Repeat the procedure until the students have viewed the entire photograph/painting.
* Ask students to pair and share the details they observed in each section.
* Then ask the students to answer the following questions:
	+ Where was this photograph taken?
	+ When was this photograph taken?
	+ What does this photograph tell us about people’s lives?
	+ What were the motivations of the photographer?
	+ Relate the students’ findings to the theme, era or period of history you are studying.
* **Visual Art Analysis Guide** (Hutchinson)
* **National Archives Guides** (<http://www.archives.gov/education/lessons/worksheets/>)